

Emerging Issues in Automobile Recycling after the Tohoku-Pacific Ocean Earthquake

4th AAEF in Malaysia

2011/11/9



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Introduction

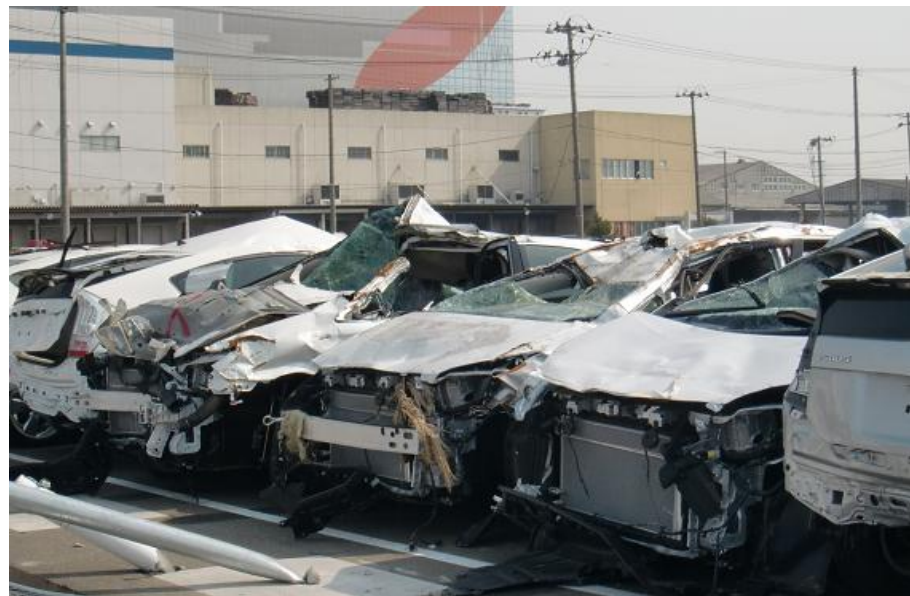
- A huge amount of damaged cars has been generated by the big tsunami in March 11th.
- Complex Issues for the Proper Disposal
 - Confirmation of ownership, Collecting and proper disposal on the ELV recycling law.
- Keywords of recycling before the earthquake
 - Visualization, Urban mining, Reduction of hazardous material, CO₂ Reduction etc.
- The basic question we have to approach is how to make the waste-management policy and a proper method on emergency waste disposal and recycling.



Waste Generation and Wetted Surface Area

	Miyagi Pref.	Iwate Pref.	Fukushima Pref.
Amount of Emergency Waste (10,000 ton)	1,600	583	290
Wetted Surface Area (km ²)	327	58	112

Source : Estimate value by Each prefecture





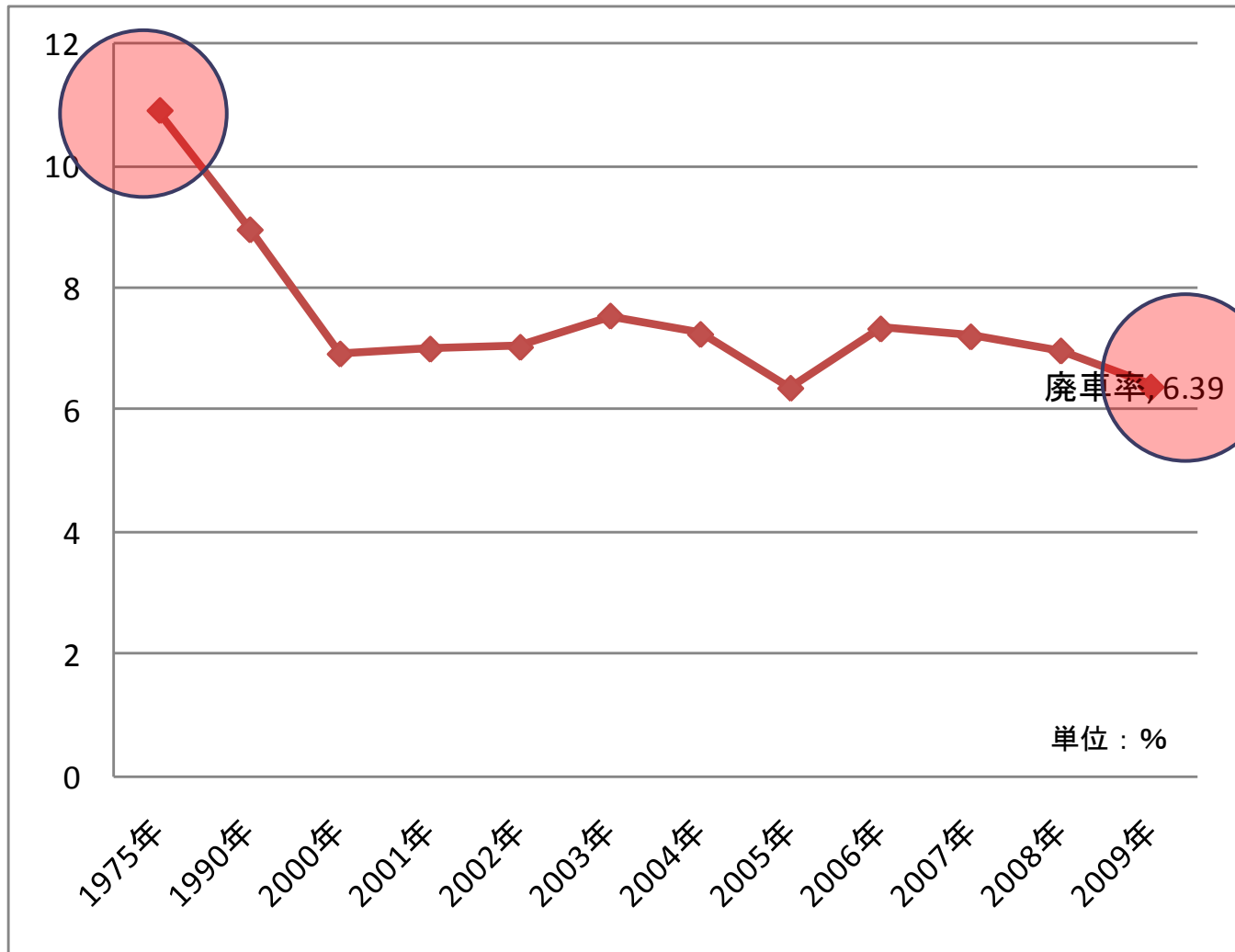
Car Ownerships and ELVs Generation

7



Ratio of ELVs

8



Generation of Damaged Cars

- 298,450 ELVs were generated from Tohoku Area in 2010
- Estimation of damaged cars are about 410,000 cars.
 - About 146,000 cars from Miyagi It is difficult to estimate damaged cars from Fukushima area.
- Long-term possession (12.7years→14 years, -16%) , End of the ELVs subsidization (-15%), Damaged cars + ?
- Fortunately, There is a sufficient recycling capacity in Tohoku area now.

Issues on collecting damaged cars

- Each municipal has a different principal and policy.
- No guideline for forced deregistration
- Conformation of property rights, removal cost ; bad transport efficiency (transit vehicles, long distance)
- Tough removal action, lack of temporary storage area and burden of office work
- Difficult to dispose of proper pretreatment (small companies in the earthquake area)

Issues on handling of ELVs from the Disaster Area

- Salt damage(ELV and ASR)
- Disposal problems of sludge, fuel and liquid waste
- Disposal of Airbag and Freon gas
- Going down the value as a used part
- Checking the radiation materials and the reference setting
- There are uncertain guidelines and final disposal method.



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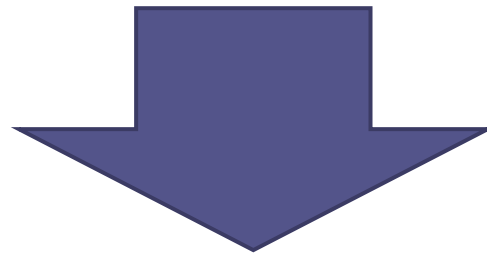
Radiation Measurement

					(μ Sv/h)	
	Yamamoto	Watari	Iwanuma	Sendai	Tagajo	Ishinomaki
Damaged Car	0.30	0.22	0.11	0.06	0.08	0.08
Ground Surface	0.66	0.35	0.33	0.10	0.51	0.19
Wreckage	0.97	0.25	—	—	0.11	0.11
E-waste	—	—	—	0.06	0.07	—
Metal Scrap	—	0.18	0.12	—	0.07	0.10
Wood Waste	—	0.28	0.06	—	—	—
Soil	0.53	—	0.18	0.09	0.57	—
Average	0.62	0.25	0.16	0.08	0.24	0.12

Topics of Waste Resources Recycling Policy

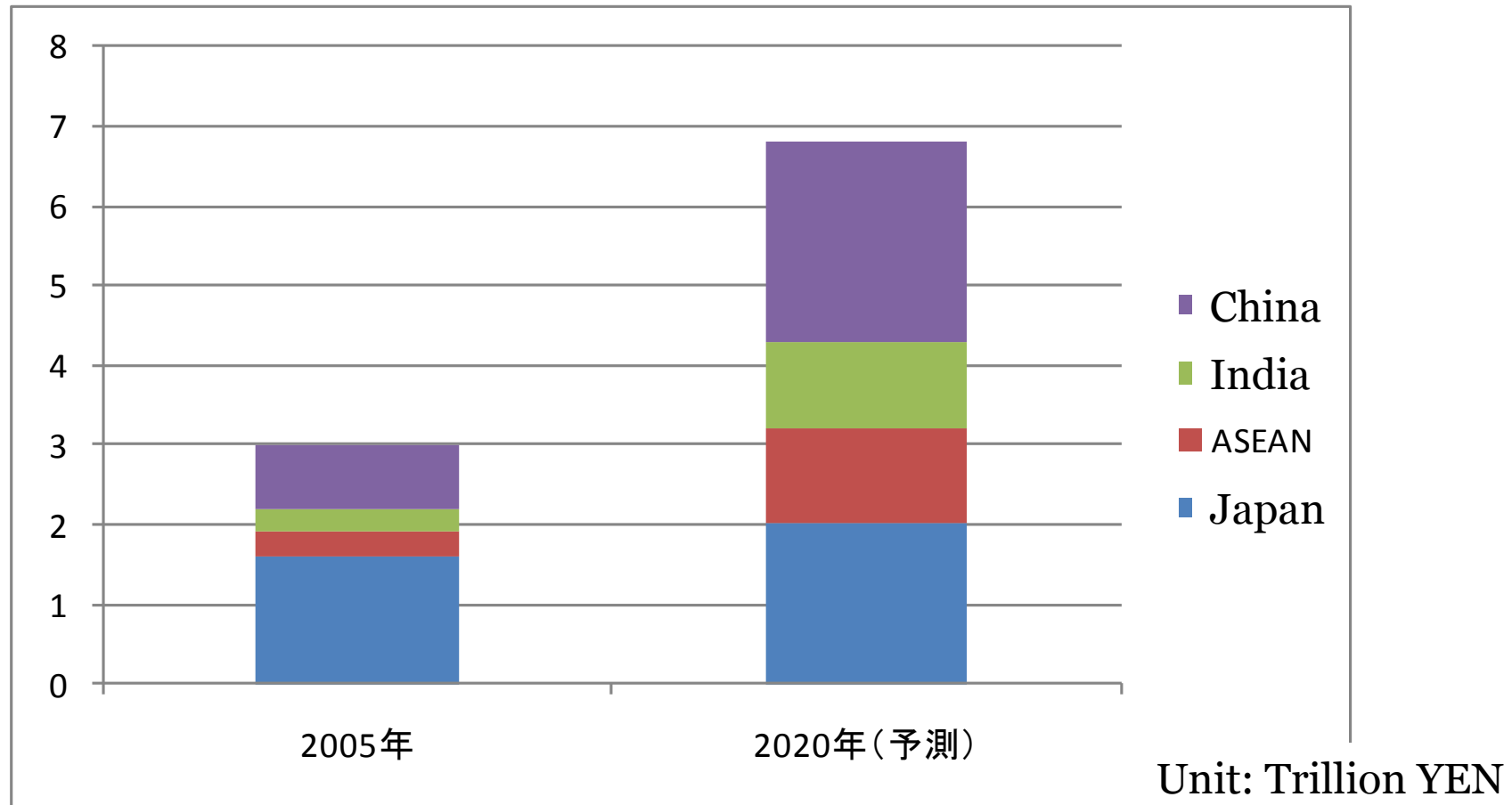
-Case on ELV Recycling-

- Growth of recycling market in the developing countries
- Security of resources (Base metals and rare metals)
- Visualization



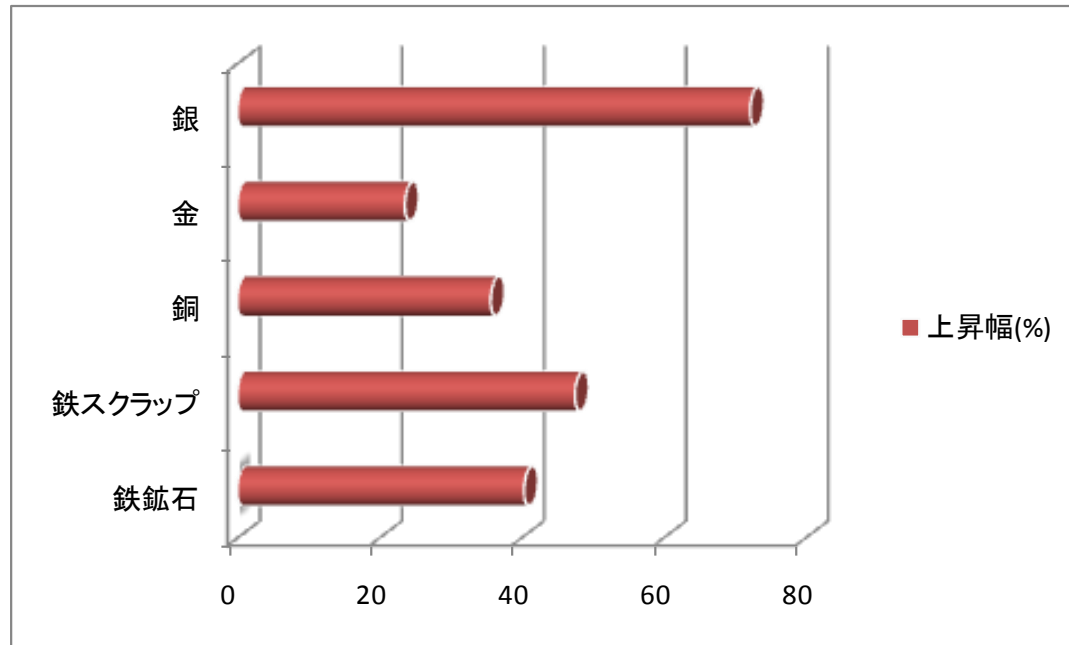
- Major change for disaster waste handling

Recycling Market in Asia¹⁵



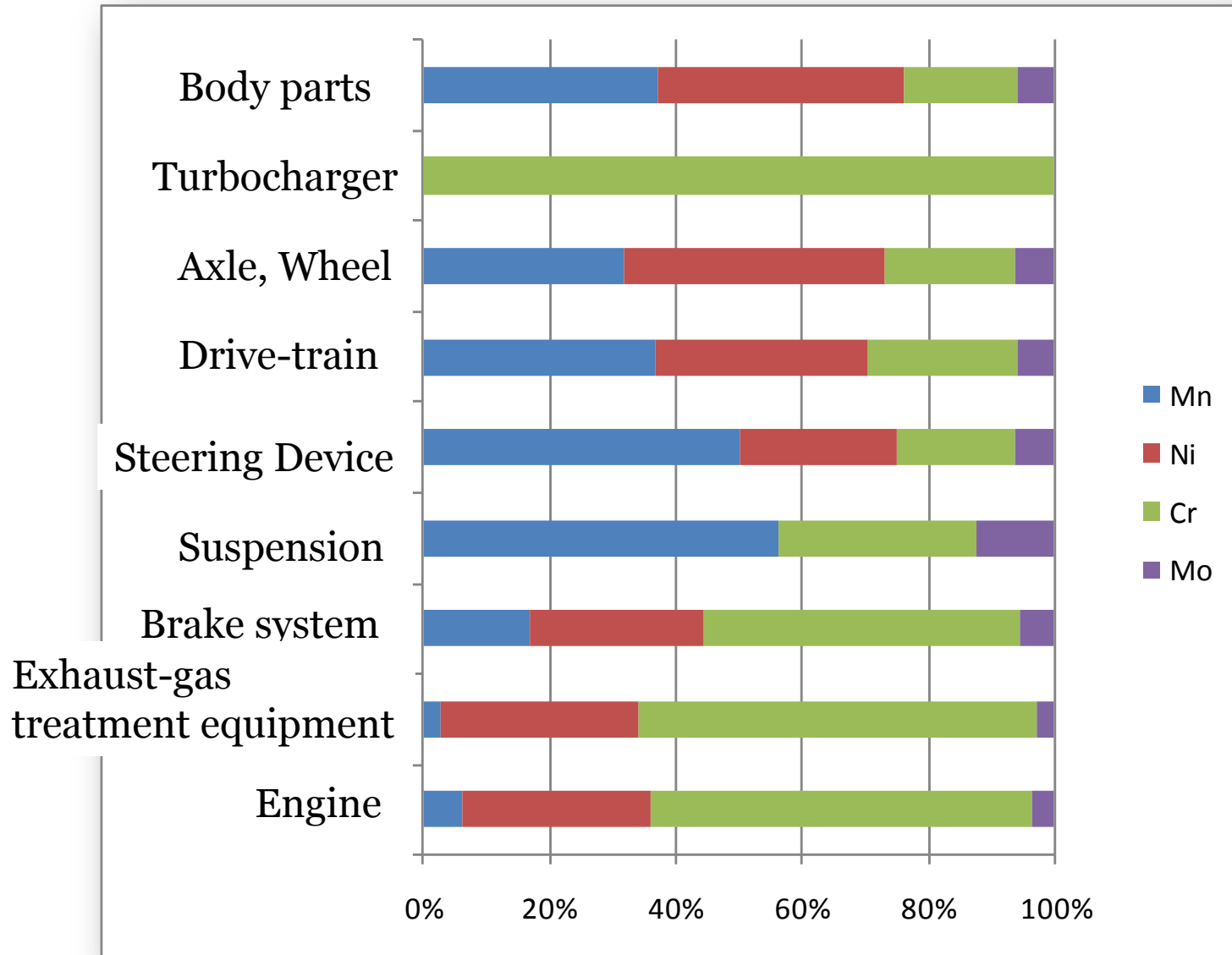
Fostering of Recycling Industries ← Japanese Government
Overseas Advance of Major company

Valuation of Resources Market¹⁶



	2010.1	2011.1	上昇幅(%)
鉄鉱石 (\$ /t)	135	189.5	40.37
鉄スクラップ (\$ /t)	313.5	462.5	47.53
銅 (\$ /t)	7,065	9,585	35.67
金 (\$ /oz)	1,084.80	1,340.70	23.59
銀 (\$ /oz)	1,621.20	2,791.90	72.21

Rare metals in Auto-parts¹⁷



Visualization

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Low CO₂ Emission ?
Dependency of Fossil Fuel?

 リサイクルパーツのCO₂削減数値

リサイクル部品で修理すればこんなに環境に優しい! 部品別CO₂削減効果



パーツアイコンをクリックするとCO₂削減数値(新品との比較)がご覧頂けます。



小型乗用車
(1000cc) (日産形式の車両)
構成部品の例






エンジンASSY








リユース品 416.9kg

リビルド品 360.0kg



1カバー(左)	2サイド	3	4	5
↓ PP	↓ PP+PE	↓ PP+PE	↓ PP	↓ PP
				
0.14	0.1	0.16	0.26	0.04

6カバー(右)	7サイド(後)	8サイド(後)	9シートサイド(左)	10センタービラ(右)
↓ PP	↓ PP	↓ PP	↓ PP	↓ PP
				
0.12	0.32	0.32	0.32	0.04

Material	PP	PP+PE	PE	N/A	Complex Material	Total(kg)
Weight	19.5	2.90	2.72	0.52	0.8	26.44

Conclusions and Recommendations

- Due to delayed decision making, damaged cars still have remained in the stock yard.
- Bad sales performance of new car, high yen and protracted economic recession would disturb the ELV recycling market after the reconstruction in Tohoku Area.
- Promoting the urban mining technology
→ Job opportunities in the disaster site
- Urban mining with manual recovery is driving ELV recycling into sustainable waste management.
- Store up a know-how and new technology on the emergency waste
- International Partnership through information, technology and people to people exchange for the reconstruction.